

March 21, 2025

Basant Agro-Tech (India) Limited: Ratings reaffirmed; rated amount enhanced

Summary of rating action

Instrument*	Previous rated amount (Rs. crore)	Current rated amount (Rs. crore)	Rating action
Long-term fund-based – Term loan	20.53	17.23	[ICRA]BBB (Stable); reaffirmed
Long term – Fund-based - Cash credit	117.00	170.00	[ICRA]BBB (Stable); reaffirmed and assigned for enhanced amount
Short term - Non-fund based	91.00	56.00	[ICRA]A3+; reaffirmed
Long term/Short term – Unallocated limits	-	3.30	[ICRA]BBB (Stable)/[ICRA]A3+; assigned for enhanced amount
Total	228.53	246.53	

*Instrument details are provided in Annexure I

Rationale

The ratings assigned to the bank lines of Basant Agro-Tech (India) Limited (BATIL/the company) factor in the extensive experience of the promoters in the fertiliser segment, BATIL's presence across Maharashtra, Karnataka and Madhya Pradesh and its aim to expand to more districts. The ratings also factor in the presence of the company's plants at diversified locations, which gives it access to different consumer markets.

The ratings are constrained by the working capital-intensive nature of the operations, given the need to maintain a high level of inventory due to the seasonal nature of the business. Additionally, the company has been purchasing raw material on a cash-and-carry basis for rock phosphate, which along with the lower level of customer advances, increased the working capital intensity (net working capital/operating income) to ~54.1% in FY2024 from 33.1% in FY2023.

The ratings are also constrained by the regulatory and agro-climatic risks associated with the fertiliser sector as the profitability remains susceptible to the subsidy rates announced by the GoI and also to the vagaries of the monsoon as agricultural activity in the country is largely dependent on rainfall. The company's seed segment is also exposed to the vagaries of the monsoon as the portfolio is focused on the kharif season. Its scale of operations and profitability are also vulnerable to agro-climatic conditions and the adverse fluctuations in raw material prices and foreign exchange rates.

The company's credit metrics have moderated over FY2024 and 9M FY2025, affected by the modest profitability in the fertiliser segment. The company expects a moderate improvement in its profitability the near to medium term as well. Hence, the overall credit profile is expected to remain subdued.

In FY2024, a sharp reduction in subsidy rates and the muted earnings from the sale of various phosphatic fertilisers, including single super phosphate (SSP, which is the main product of the company), significantly moderated the company's profitability and debt metrics, with the interest coverage ratio falling to 1.7x in FY2024 from 3.4x in FY2023. The modest performance continued in 9M FY2025 with an operating margin of around 5.9% (6.1% in FY2024) and interest coverage ratio of 1.8x in 9M FY2025 (1.7x in FY2024).

The input costs for manufacturing SSP have risen from December 2024 on the back of a sharp spike in sulphur prices which drive sulphuric acid price, and a depreciation of the rupee against the US dollar. While the impact of currency depreciation and sulphuric acid price increase will be partly offset by the moderation in rock phosphate prices, the overall raw material costs are expected to rise in Q4 FY2025. As a result, the contribution margin on the sale of SSP is expected to moderate in Q4 FY2025, causing the profitability to remain largely in line with the FY2024 levels. Thus, the credit metrics will remain subdued in FY2025 with a modest improvement expected in FY2026 and FY2027 as the company ramps up the sales volume of SSP and the seed segments.

Key rating drivers and their description

Credit strengths

Established presence in Maharashtra, Karnataka and Madhya Pradesh; extensive experience of promoters -The company is promoted by the Bhartia family, which has an extensive experience in the fertiliser and seed industries. BATIL has an established presence in Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh and Karnataka with its eight manufacturing facilities and an established network of dealers and distributors. The company's trademark fertiliser brand is Krishi Sanjivani.

Locational advantage with plants in interior areas offering better access to consumer markets - BATIL's manufacturing plants are in the interior areas - such as Kanheri (Maharashtra), Kaulkhed (Maharashtra), Jalgaon (Maharashtra), Sangli (Maharashtra), Hospet (Karnataka), Nagpur (Maharashtra) and Neemuch (Madhya Pradesh) - which ensures good rural coverage. The strategic location of the manufacturing plants also provides better access to the end-user markets, while the freight costs are also low compared to the competitors having plants in coastal areas. Moreover, the company's plants at Sangli and Hospet are near the Krishna and Tungabhadra rivers, respectively, which reduces the vulnerability of demand to the monsoons to some extent. Proximity to the demand centres also lowers the impact on profitability as the GoI does not provide freight subsidy on SSP sales.

Credit challenges

Working capital-intensive operations – The operations are highly dependent on short-term loans offered by banks for its working capital requirement. The working capital intensity varies due to the seasonal nature of the business. Even though the working capital remained muted in Q4, the NWC/OI increased to 54.1% in FY2024 from 33.1% in FY2023, indicating increased dependence on working capital lines.

Profitability exposed to volatility in raw material prices and forex risk – The prices of key raw materials such as rock phosphate and sulphuric acid are linked to the global market and fluctuate with the changes in international prices and foreign exchange rates. As BATIL needs to maintain adequate inventory due to the seasonal nature of the fertiliser and seed industries, the stocked inventory is exposed to inventory price risk caused by the volatility in raw material prices. Moreover, the raw material is largely imported and, thus, BATIL's profitability remains exposed to foreign exchange risks. This is further accentuated by the constraints in passing on the impact of currency depreciation to the farmers through retail price hikes.

Operations exposed to regulatory and agro-climatic risks - BATIL operates in a highly regulated industry and the selling prices of its products depend on the subsidy allocated by the Government of India to various nutrients. The company's operations, thus, remain exposed to the sharp variations in the subsidy amount and delays in receiving the same, apart from any other regulatory intervention on product prices. Additionally, agricultural activity in the country is dependent on the monsoon and the company's performance in the fertiliser and the seed segments is closely linked to the vagaries of the monsoon.

Environmental and social risks

Environmental considerations - Global efforts towards decarbonisation and the focus on the impact of fertiliser use on soil health may lead to the development of new types of fertilisers and lower the demand for conventional fertilisers. However, in India, ICRA does not expect any material impact on conventional fertiliser offtake in the near to medium term, given the country's import dependence as well as the time taken by the end consumers to accept new products.

Social considerations - Rising awareness about the use of chemical fertilisers in farming and the growing clamour for organic produce can impact fertiliser offtake. The productivity of organic farming remains low at present and, thus, the near-term risk for fertiliser offtake is low. Going forward, technological breakthroughs to develop organic alternatives with equal or better productivity can pose a significant threat to fertiliser offtake, although the threat remains long term in nature.

Liquidity position: Adequate

The company's liquidity is expected to remain adequate, supported by healthy cash flow from operations in FY2025 and cushion in fund-based limits with an average utilisation of ~73% during January 2024 to December 2024. The company receives customer advances to supply seeds and fertiliser for the upcoming season, which also supports its liquidity position. The company does not have any major capex plans and has modest debt repayments which it should be able to meet comfortably from the net cash accruals.

Rating sensitivities

Positive factors – ICRA may upgrade the ratings if the company registers a significant increase in its scale of operations, while maintaining the profitability and efficiently managing the working capital cycle. The ratings may be upgraded if the company is able to maintain an interest coverage ratio of more than 3.5x on a sustained basis.

Negative factors – Any significant decline in the scale of operations along with a deterioration in profitability on a sustained basis could result in a downgrade. The ratings may be downgraded if there is an elongation of the working capital cycle and/or the company undertakes a large debt-funded capex that would moderate the credit profile and liquidity position.

Analytical approach

Analytical approach	Comments
Applicable rating methodologies	Corporate Credit Rating Methodology Rating Methodology - Fertilisers
Parent/Group support	Not Applicable
Consolidation/Standalone	Not applicable

About the company

Basant Agro-Tech (India) Limited (BATIL) manufactures and markets fertilisers, such as NPK (nitrogen, phosphorous, potash) compounds and SSP (single super phosphate), under the Krishi Sanjivani brand in Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Karnataka and Andhra Pradesh. It is also engaged in the research and development, processing and marketing of ~130 varieties of traditional and hybrid seeds. BATIL set up its first plant in 1991 at Akola for producing NPK fertilisers.

At present, the company has one cold storage facility at Akola; three plants for NPK – at Akola & Sangli in Maharashtra and Hospet in Karnataka; three plants for SSP at Kanheri & Jalgaon in Maharashtra and Neemuch in Madhya Pradesh; two manufacturing plants for seeds at Akola and Nashik in Maharashtra. The combined installed capacity for producing NPK is 1,50,000 TPA. The current installed capacity for producing SSP is 3,39,000 TPA, after the company added a capacity of 1,32,000 TPA under SSP, post the purchase of a defunct plant in Jalgaon, Maharashtra, in FY2012.

The company is also engaged in the business of generating power through wind turbines and operating and maintaining warehousing and cold storage facilities. In FY2018, the company had started organic farming and introduced products such as wheat grass powder, moringa leaf powder and barley grass powder, which it is selling through Patanjali and Amazon. Sales of the newly introduced products are low compared to the total turnover. In FY2021, the company had also started a LABSA manufacturing plant with an installed capacity of 22,000 MT.

The seeds division of BATIL is based out of Akola and produces traditional and hybrid seeds. It produces straight/hybrid seeds such as paddy, soya, cotton, wheat, jawar, sweetcorn, maize, etc., which have enhanced yields compared to normal seeds. The top three seeds produced are soya, paddy and cotton.

Key financial indicators (audited)

BATIL (consolidated)	FY2023	FY2024	9M FY2025*
Operating income	549.3	404.8	330.2
PAT	18.4	4.0	3.0
OPBDIT/OI	6.5%	6.1%	5.9%
PAT/OI	3.3%	1.0%	0.9%
Total outside liabilities/Tangible net worth (times)	1.4	1.4	-
Total debt/OPBDIT (times)	3.5	6.3	-
Interest coverage (times)	3.4	1.7	1.8

Source: Company, ICRA Research; * Provisional numbers; All ratios as per ICRA's calculations; Amount in Rs. crore PAT: Profit after tax; OPBDIT: Operating profit before depreciation, interest, taxes and amortisation

Status of non-cooperation with previous CRA: Not applicable

Any other information: None

Rating history for past three years

Instrument	Type	Amount rated (Rs. crore)	Current (FY2025)		Chronology of rating history for the past 3 years							
			Mar 21, 2025	FY2025		FY2024		FY2023		FY2022		
				Date	Rating	Date	Rating	Date	Rating	Date	Rating	
Term loans	Long term	17.23	[ICRA]BBB (Stable)	Feb 18, 2025	[ICRA]BBB (Stable)	Mar 08, 2024	[ICRA]BBB+ (Negative)	Aug 02, 2022	[ICRA]BBB+ (Stable)	Oct 20, 2021	[ICRA]BBB+ (Stable)	
				-	-	Aug 11, 2023	[ICRA]BBB+ (Stable)	-	-	-	-	
Cash credit	Long term	170.00	[ICRA]BBB (Stable)	Feb 18, 2025	[ICRA]BBB (Stable)	Mar 08, 2024	[ICRA]BBB+ (Negative)	Aug 02, 2022	[ICRA]BBB+ (Stable)	Oct 20, 2021	[ICRA]BBB+ (Stable)	
				-	-	Aug 11, 2023	[ICRA]BBB+ (Stable)	-	-	-	-	
Non-fund based	Short term	56.00	[ICRA]A3+	Feb 18, 2025	[ICRA]A3+	Mar 08, 2024	[ICRA]A2	Aug 02, 2022	[ICRA]A2	Oct 20, 2021	[ICRA]A2	
				-	-	Aug 11, 2023	[ICRA]A2	-	-	-	-	
Unallocated limits	Long term/ Short term	3.30	[ICRA]BBB (Stable)/ [ICRA]A3+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Complexity level of the rated instruments

Instrument	Complexity Indicator
Long term fund-based – Term loan	Simple
Long term – Fund-based - Cash credit	Simple
Short term – Non-fund based	Very Simple
Long term/Short term – Unallocated limits	Not Applicable

The Complexity Indicator refers to the ease with which the returns associated with the rated instrument could be estimated. It does not indicate the risk related to the timely payments on the instrument, which is rather indicated by the instrument's credit rating. It also does not indicate the complexity associated with analysing an entity's financial, business, industry risks or complexity related to the structural, transactional or legal aspects. Details on the complexity levels of the instruments are available on ICRA's website: [Click here](#)

Annexure I: Instrument details

ISIN	Instrument name	Date of issuance	Coupon rate	Maturity	Amount rated (Rs. crore)	Current rating and outlook
NA	Long term – Fund based - Term loan 1	May 2021	8.45%	FY2028	4.13	[ICRA]BBB (Stable)
NA	Long term – Fund based - Term loan 2	Apr 2022	9.40%	FY2029	7.00	[ICRA]BBB (Stable)
NA	Long term – Fund based - Term loan 3	July 2022	9.40%	FY2030	6.10	[ICRA]BBB (Stable)
NA	Long term – Fund based – Cash credit	NA	NA	NA	170.00	[ICRA]BBB (Stable)
NA	Short term – Non-fund based	NA	NA	NA	56.00	[ICRA]A3+
NA	Long term/Short term – Unallocated limits	NA	NA	NA	3.30	[ICRA]BBB (Stable)/ [ICRA]A3+

Source: Company

[Please click here to view details of lender-wise facilities rated by ICRA](#)

Annexure II: List of entities considered for consolidated analysis - Not applicable

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