

September 30, 2025

Inbrew Beverages Private Limited: Rating downgraded to Provisional [ICRA]D

Summary of rating action

Instrument*	Previous Rated Amount (Rs. crore)	Current Rated Amount (Rs. crore)	Rating Action
Long Term-Fund Based-Cash Credit	300.00	300.00	Provisional [ICRA]D; downgraded from Provisional [ICRA]BB+(Stable)
Non-Convertible Debentures	475.00	475.00	Provisional [ICRA]D; downgraded from Provisional [ICRA]BB+(Stable)
Total	775.00	775.00	

Rating in the absence of pending actions/documents [ICRA]D

*Instrument details are provided in Annexure-1

Rationale

ICRA has downgraded the rating for the non-convertible debentures (NCDs) of Inbrew Beverages Private Limited (IBPL) to [ICRA]D following the inability of the company in servicing its non-convertible debenture (NCD) repayment obligations that were falling due on September 27, 2025, as per the original payment terms. On September 26, 2025, the company obtained consent from its NCD investors to a one-year extension with an optional one-year additional extension (i.e. until September 25, 2026, or if all the Debenture Holders have agreed in the sole and absolute discretion, September 27, 2027) for the earlier date of redemption (i.e. September 27, 2025). The consent from the NCD holders was conditional, subject to the receipt of requisite approvals from the stock exchanges as per the requirements of SEBI's LODR regulations. The said announcement was published on the Bombay Stock Exchange by the Company on September 26, 2025.

As per ICRA's Policy on Default Recognition, rescheduling of the debt instrument prior to the due date of payment is not treated as a default, unless the same is done to avoid default or bankruptcy. The aforesaid rescheduling of the original payment terms of the NCDs is conditional as well as carried out in the context of a weak cash flow position, and, therefore, notwithstanding the receipt of (conditional) consent from the NCD investor prior to the due date, the rating has been downgraded to the default category.

The rating assigned is provisional as of now (as denoted by the prefix 'Provisional' before the rating symbol) and is subject to fulfilment of all conditions as mentioned to ICRA including execution of the transaction documents, and the executed documentation being in line with the drafts shared with ICRA. The final rating may differ from the provisional rating in case the completed actions/documentation are not in line with ICRA's expectations.

Key rating drivers and their description

Credit strengths

Established track record of the entity in liquor business; extensive experience of promoters – Known as Molson Coors India Private Limited earlier, IBPL has over 50 years of operational track record in the Indian liquor industry. The entity also benefits from the extensive experience of its promoters, with its chairman – Mr. Ravi Deol having vast experience of working in the food and beverage industry across the globe. The established track record of the entity and extensive experience of the promoters has helped IBPL in scaling up its operations across multiple states in India.

Presence in multiple liquor segments across spirits and beer offers healthy product diversification – IBPL presently offers five beer brands (such as Thunderbolt, Miller, Carling, Blue Moon, etc.), and also offers over 40 spirit brands across different segments, such as whiskey, rum, gin, vodka, etc. Few of the well-known spirit brands offered by IBPL include Haywards whiskey, Old Tavern whiskey, Baggpiper whiskey, Green Label whiskey, Romanov vodka, White Mischief vodka, etc. Presence in multiple liquor segments across spirits and beer offers healthy product diversification for IBPL, thus safeguarding its business profile against segment-specific slowdown risk to an extent.

Healthy scale up of operations in the recent past with healthy growth momentum likely to be maintained going forward – With the acquisition of USL's 43 mass-market spirit brands in India in FY2023, IBPL's scale of operations has increased robustly, from Rs. 143.9 crore in FY2022 to Rs. 1,549.7 crore in FY2025, demonstrating a substantial CAGR of 120%, albeit on a narrow base, through this period. The revenue growth momentum is expected to remain healthy over the medium term, as the company makes inroads in new states in the domestic market and also focuses on exports in the longer run. A gradual shift for few of the states from franchisee model to direct model is also expected to support the revenue growth momentum for the company. IBPL plans to expend incrementally towards brand promotion activities and product development initiatives in the near to medium term – while these expenditures are likely to have some bearing on profitability in the near term, they are expected to support incremental revenue growth momentum in the medium to long term.

Credit challenges

Weak cash flow position resulted in rollover of repayment due for the existing debt instruments – IBPL had a sizeable debt repayment (Rs. 617.5 crore) towards existing NCDs falling due on September 27, 2025. The company had earlier planned to refinance the said debt through a mix of fresh NCDs and working capital borrowings as well as equity infusion. However, following certain constraints in meeting few of the preconditions for raising fresh debt, the said refinancing transaction could not proceed as planned. Subsequently, IBPL opted for rolling over the repayment, and received a one-year extension (i.e. until September 25, 2026) with an option to roll over the repayment by another year (i.e. until September 27, 2027), subject to all the Debenture Holders agreeing in the sole and absolute discretion. ICRA notes the weak cash flow position and stretched liquidity profile of IBPL which led to the said rollover of repayment due for the existing debt instruments.

High degree of customer and geographic concentration – With its top customer having contributed to around 87% revenues in FY2025 (previous year/PY: 91%) revenues in FY2025, IBPL's business operations remain vulnerable to the operational risks associated with the said customer. Moreover, Karnataka – the key state for the entity in terms of revenue contribution – generated around 87% of company's revenues in FY2025 (PY: 90%), thus exposing IBPL's business operations to any slowdown risk in this particular state. However, active efforts undertaken by the company to expand its presence across multiple states, and transition of a few states from franchisee model to direct model (which will replace franchisee income with direct income in these states) are likely to result in a gradual reduction in customer and geographic concentration for IBPL over the medium to long term.

Exposure to regulatory changes and intense competition – Extensive Government control, ban on advertising in mass media, and the varying tax structures in states pose challenges and restrict the growth of the industry. Further, IBPL's volumes continue to be vulnerable to macro events such as demonetisation, general economic slowdown, pandemic and specific policy changes such as ban on sale of liquor near highways etc. In the past, the domestic liquor industry has also been impacted by complete ban of alcohol sales in a few states. Moreover, any hike in excise duty by state governments (such as the one seen in Maharashtra in June 2025) may have a bearing on the liquor demand in that state. IBPL's business operations also remain exposed to the intense competition in the domestic liquor industry. The competition in the industry continues to be high from other domestic players. Further, the spike in the number of microbreweries and craft beer brands across major metros is increasing the overall basket of beer options available to the domestic consumers. Going forward, a strong market share, and consequent economies of scale, in addition to its strong product portfolio and wide distribution reach are expected to support IBPL's business prospects.

Profitability vulnerable to fluctuations in raw material prices – Given the industry structure wherein the pricing is regulated by the state governments, industry players do not have the flexibility to pass on the increase in raw material costs to customers

immediately. This makes the company’s operating margins vulnerable to raw material price trends. In this context, IBPL’s margin trajectory amid highly volatile inputs costs will remain a key monitorable. Nevertheless, ICRA takes note of the steady improvement in profitability over the years, aided by operating leverage benefits as well as cost optimization measures undertaken by the company.

Liquidity position: Stretched

The company’s liquidity profile is stretched, with sizeable repayment obligations lined up in the near to medium term. The cash and liquid investments balance stood at Rs. 94.4 crore as of June 30, 2025 (Rs. 68.2 crore as of March 31, 2025). IBPL’s liquidity profile draws comfort from the track record of a timely financial support from the parent entity, as reflected by subscription of incremental CCDs worth Rs. 58.8 crore in FY2025 by the parent entity. While the entity had a sizeable debt repayment obligation towards its existing NCD programme (with Rs. 571 crore repayment due in September 2025), it opted for rolling over the repayment before the scheduled date of repayment due to a weak cashflow position. The capex outlay remains moderate, at Rs. 70-75 crore per annum over the next 1-2 years and is likely to be funded through internal accruals.

Rating sensitivities

Positive factors – ICRA could upgrade the ratings after the passage of the minimum curing period as defined in ICRA’s Policy on Default Recognition

Negative factors – Not applicable

Analytical approach

Analytical Approach	Comments
Applicable Rating Methodologies	Corporate Credit Rating Methodology Policy on Provisional Ratings Policy on Default Recognition
Parent/Group Support	Not applicable
Consolidation/Standalone	For arriving at the ratings, ICRA has considered the standalone financials of IBPL.

Pending actions/documents required to be completed for conversion of provisional rating into final

The assigned rating is provisional and would be converted into final upon:

1. Execution of the facility agreements for the non-convertible debentures and bank borrowing programme towards refinancing the outstanding NCDs
2. Debenture trustee appointment agreement
3. Debenture trust deed
4. Legal opinion
5. Any other document as part of the transaction documents

Validity of the provisional rating

In case the debt instrument/borrowing facility for which a provisional rating has been assigned is subsequently issued, the provisional rating would have to be converted into a final rating within 90 days (validity period) from the date of issuance of the debt instrument/date of availing the borrowing facilities. If considered appropriate, the validity period may be extended by a further 90 days for converting the provisional rating into final, in circumstances where the rated entity expressly indicates

its intention to complete the pending actions/documents over the near term. Under no circumstances shall the validity period be extended beyond 180 days from the date of issuance. For further details, refer to ICRA’s Policy on Provisional Ratings available at www.icra.in.

If neither the pending actions/documents nor the issuance is completed after one year of the assignment of the provisional rating, ICRA would withdraw the provisional rating. However, the validity period may be extended beyond one year, subject to the conditions outlined in ICRA’s Policy on Provisional Ratings available at www.icra.in.

Risks associated with the provisional rating

In case the issuance is completed, but the pending actions/documents are not completed by the entity within 90 days (validity period) from the date of issuance, the provisional rating will be converted into final upon the review of the required actions/documents to the extent these are completed by the end of the validity period. This implies that the provisional rating may even be revised at the end of the validity period, while being converted into final, to a level commensurate with the rating in the absence of the pending actions/documents (as disclosed earlier in the rationale). ICRA may consider extending the validity period in accordance with its Policy on Provisional Ratings available at www.icra.in.

About the company

Established in 1972, IBPL (erstwhile Molson Coors India Private Limited / MCIPL) is engaged in production, sales and distribution of spirits and beer in India. Inbrev Holdings Pte Ltd (the parent entity of IBPL) acquired MCIPL in February 2021 – along with the beer brands, MCIPL owned two breweries (one each in Punjab and Haryana) at the time of the said acquisition. The brand Thunderbolt was bought, and licenses for four other beer brands (including Miller, Blue Moon and Carling) were also purchased as part of this deal. The licenses are 20-year long in tenure (i.e. from 2021 to 2041). Later on, the company also acquired 43 spirit brands like Haywards, Old Tavern, White Mischief, Green Label, Romanov, etc. from the India operations of Diageo in June 2022.

Key financial indicators

IBPL (Standalone)	FY2024 Audited	FY2025 Audited
Operating income (Rs. crore)	1,602.4	1,549.7
PAT (Rs. crore)	-56.8	3.6
OPBDIT/OI (%)	9.7%	13.4%
PAT/OI (%)	-3.5%	0.2%
Total Outside Liabilities/Tangible Net Worth (times)	5.2	4.2
Total Debt/OPBDIT (times)	4.9	3.5
Interest Coverage (times)	1.2	1.7

PAT: Profit after Tax; OPBDIT: Operating profit before depreciation, interest, taxes and amortisation

Source: IBPL, ICRA Research

Status of non-cooperation with previous CRA: Not applicable

Any other information: None

Rating history for past three years

Instrument	Current rating (FY2026)				Chronology of rating history for the past 3 years					
	Type	Amount rated (Rs. crore)	Sep 30, 2025	Sep 24, 2025	FY2025		FY2024		FY2023	
					Date	Rating	Date	Rating	Date	Rating
Long Term-Fund Based-Cash Credit	Long-term	300.00	Provisional [ICRA]D	Provisional [ICRA]BB+ (Stable)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Convertible Debentures	Long-term	475.00	Provisional [ICRA]D	Provisional [ICRA]BB+ (Stable)						

Source: Company

Complexity level of the rated instruments

Instrument	Complexity Indicator
Long Term-Fund Based-Cash Credit	Simple
Non-Convertible Debentures	Very Simple

The Complexity Indicator refers to the ease with which the returns associated with the rated instrument could be estimated. It does not indicate the risk related to the timely payments on the instrument, which is rather indicated by the instrument's credit rating. It also does not indicate the complexity associated with analysing an entity's financial, business, industry risks or complexity related to the structural, transactional, or legal aspects. Details on the complexity levels of the instruments, are available on ICRA's website: [Click Here](#)

Annexure-1: Instrument details

ISIN	Instrument Name	Date of Issuance	Coupon Rate	Maturity	Amount Rated (Rs. crore)	Current Rating and Outlook
NA	Cash Credit	NA	NA	NA	300.00	Provisional [ICRA]D
Not placed	Non-convertible Debenture Programme	NA	NA	NA	475.00	Provisional [ICRA]D

Source: Company

[Please click here to view details of lender-wise facilities rated by ICRA](#)

Annexure-2: List of entities considered for consolidated analysis: Not applicable

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ABOUT ICRA LIMITED

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Today, ICRA and its subsidiaries together form the ICRA Group of Companies (Group ICRA). ICRA is a Public Limited Company, with its shares listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange and the National Stock Exchange. The international Credit Rating Agency Moody's Investors Service is ICRA's largest shareholder.

For more information, visit www.icra.in

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